

Federal Reserve System

§ 268.203

(b) *Final action by the Board in all other circumstances.* When the Board dismisses an entire complaint under § 268.106, receives a request for an immediate final decision or does not receive a reply to the notice issued under § 268.107(f), the Board shall take final action by issuing a final decision. The final decision shall consist of findings by the Board on the merits of each issue in the complaint, or, as appropriate, the rationale for dismissing any claims in the complaint and, when discrimination is found, appropriate remedies and relief in accordance with subpart F of this part. The Board shall issue the final decision within 60 days of receiving notification that a complainant has requested an immediate decision from the Board, or within 60 days of the end of the 30-day period for the complainant to request a hearing or an immediate final decision where the complainant has not requested either a hearing or a decision. The final action shall contain notice of the right to appeal the final action to the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the right to file a civil action in federal district court, the name of the proper defendant in any such lawsuit and the applicable time limits for appeals and lawsuits. A copy of EEOC Form 573 shall be attached to the final action. The Board may issue a final decision within 30 days after receiving a decision of the Commission pursuant to § 268.405(c) of this part.

Subpart C—Provisions Applicable to Particular Complaints

§ 268.201 Age Discrimination in Employment Act.

(a) As an alternative to filing a complaint under this part, an aggrieved individual may file a civil action in a United States district court under the ADEA against the Chairman of the Board of Governors after giving the Commission not less than 30 days' notice of the intent to file such an action. Such notice must be filed in writing with EEOC, at P.O. Box 19848, Washington, DC 20036, or by personal delivery or facsimile within 180 days of the occurrence of the alleged unlawful practice.

(b) The Commission may exempt a position from the provisions of the ADEA if the Commission establishes a maximum age requirement for the position on the basis of a determination that age is a bona fide occupational qualification necessary to the performance of the duties of the position.

(c) When an individual has filed an administrative complaint alleging age discrimination that is not a mixed case, administrative remedies will be considered to be exhausted for purposes of filing a civil action:

(1) 180 days after the filing of an individual complaint if the Board has not taken final action and the individual has not filed an appeal or 180 days after the filing of a class complaint if the Board has not issued a final decision;

(2) After final action on an individual or class complaint if the individual has not filed an appeal; or

(3) After the issuance of a final decision by the Commission on an appeal or 180 days after the filing of an appeal, if the Commission has not issued a final decision.

§ 268.202 Equal Pay Act.

Complaints alleging violations of the Equal Pay Act shall be processed under this part.

§ 268.203 Rehabilitation Act.

(a) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this section:

(1) Individual with a disability is defined as one who:

(i) Has a physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more of such person's major life activities;

(ii) Has a record of such an impairment; or

(iii) Is regarded as having such an impairment.

(2) *Physical or mental impairment* means:

(i) Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems: Neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, cardiovascular, reproductive, digestive, respiratory, genitourinary, hemic and lymphatic, skin, and endocrine; or

(ii) Any mental or psychological disorder, such as mental retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities.

(3) *Major life activities* means functions, such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning and working.

(4) *Has a record of such an impairment* means has a history of, or has been classified (or misclassified) as having, a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities.

(5) *Is regarded as having such an impairment* means has a physical or mental impairment that does not substantially limit major life activities but is treated by the Board as constituting such a limitation; has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits major life activities only as a result of the attitude of the Board toward such impairment; or has none of the impairments defined in paragraph (a)(2) of this section but is treated by the Board as having such an impairment.

(6) *Qualified individual with a disability* means with respect to employment, an individual with a disability who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the position in question without endangering the health and safety of the individual or others and who:

(i) Meets the experience or education requirements (which may include passing a written test) of the position in question; or

(ii) Meets the criteria for appointment under a Board special program for hiring individuals with a disability.

(b) The Board shall become a model employer of individuals with a disability. The Board shall give full consideration to the hiring, placement, and advancement of qualified individuals with a mental or physical disability. The Board shall not discriminate against a qualified individual with a physical or mental disability.

(c) *Reasonable accommodation.* (1) The Board shall make reasonable accommodation to the known physical or mental limitations of an applicant or em-

ployee who is a qualified individual with a disability unless the Board can demonstrate that the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the operations of its program.

(2) Reasonable accommodation may include, but shall not be limited to:

(i) Making facilities readily accessible to and usable by individuals with a disability; and

(ii) Job restructuring, part-time or modified work schedules, acquisition or modification of equipment or devices, appropriate adjustment or modification of examinations, the provision of readers and interpreters, and other similar actions.

(3) In determining whether, pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this section, an accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the operation of the Board, factors to be considered include:

(i) The overall size of the Board's program with respect to the number of employees, number and type of facilities and size of budget;

(ii) The type of Board operation, including the composition and structure of the Board's work force; and

(iii) The nature and the cost of the accommodation.

(d) *Employment criteria.* (1) The Board shall not make use of any employment test or other selection criterion that screens out or tends to screen out qualified individuals with a disability or any class of individuals with a disability unless:

(i) The Board demonstrates that the test score or other selection criterion is job-related for the position in question and consistent with business necessity; and

(ii) The Board shows that job-related alternative tests or criteria that do not screen out or tend to screen out as many individuals with a disability are unavailable.

(2) The Board shall select and administer tests concerning employment so as to insure that, when administered to an applicant or employee who has a disability that impairs sensory, manual, or speaking skills, the test results accurately reflect the applicant's or employee's ability to perform the position or type of positions in question rather than reflecting the applicant's

or employee's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skill (except where those skills are the factors that the test purports to measure).

(e) *Preemployment inquiries.* (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (e)(2) and (e)(3) of this section, the Board may not conduct a preemployment medical examination and may not make preemployment inquiry of an applicant as to whether the applicant is an individual with a disability or as to the nature or severity of a disability. The Board may, however, make preemployment inquiry into an applicant's ability to meet the essential functions of the job, or the medical qualification requirements if applicable, with or without reasonable accommodation, of the position in question, *i.e.*, the minimum abilities necessary for safe and efficient performance of the duties of the position in question.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Board from conditioning an offer of employment on the results of a medical examination conducted prior to the employee's entrance on duty, provided that: all entering employees are subjected to such an examination regardless of disability or when the preemployment medical questionnaire used for positions that do not routinely require medical examination indicates a condition for which further examination is required because of the job-related nature of the condition, and the results of such an examination are used only in accordance with the requirements of this part. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the gathering of preemployment medical information for the purpose of hiring individuals with a disability under a special Board program.

(3) To enable and evaluate affirmative action to hire, place or advance individuals with a disability, the Board may invite applicants for employment to indicate whether and to what extent they are disabled, if:

(i) The Board states clearly on any written questionnaire used for this purpose or makes clear orally if no written questionnaire is used, that the information requested is intended for use solely in conjunction with affirmative action; and

(ii) The Board states clearly that the information is being requested on a voluntary basis, that refusal to provide it will not subject the applicant or employee to any adverse treatment, and that it will be used only in accordance with this part.

(4) Information obtained in accordance with this section as to the medical condition or history of the employee or applicant shall be kept confidential except that:

(i) Managers, selecting officials, and others involved in the selection process or responsible for affirmative action may be informed that the applicant is eligible under a special Board program for hiring individuals with a disability;

(ii) Supervisors and managers may be informed regarding necessary accommodations;

(iii) First aid and safety personnel may be informed, where appropriate, if the condition might require emergency treatment;

(iv) Government officials investigating compliance with laws, regulations, and instructions relevant to equal employment opportunity and affirmative action for individuals with a disability shall be provided information upon request; and

(v) Statistics generated from information obtained may be used to manage, evaluate, and report on equal employment opportunity and affirmative action programs.

(f) *Physical access to buildings.* (1) The Board shall not discriminate against applicants or employees who are qualified individuals with a disability due to the inaccessibility of its facility.

(2) For the purposes of this subpart, a facility shall be deemed accessible if it is in compliance with, the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4151 *et seq.*) and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12183 and 12204).

(g) *Reassignment.* When a nonprobationary employee becomes unable to perform the essential functions of his or her position even with reasonable accommodation due to a disability, the Board shall offer to reassign the individual to a funded vacant position located in the same commuting area and at the same grade or level, the essential functions of which the individual

would be able to perform with reasonable accommodation if necessary unless the Board can demonstrate the reassignment would impose an undue hardship on the operation of the Board's program. In the absence of a position at the same grade or level, an offer of reassignment to a vacant position at the highest available grade or level below the employee's current grade or level shall be required, but availability of such a vacancy shall not affect the employee's entitlement, if any, to disability retirement pursuant to any retirement plan in which the employee is enrolled. If the Board has already posted a notice or announcement seeking applications for a specific vacant position at the time the Board has determined that the nonprobationary employee is unable to perform the essential functions of his or her position even with reasonable accommodation, then the Board does not have an obligation under this section to offer to reassign the individual to that position, but the Board must consider the individual on an equal basis with those who applied for the position.

(h) *Exclusion from definition of "individual(s) with a disability(ies)".* (1) The term "individual with a disability" shall not include an individual who is currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs, when the Board acts on the basis of such use. The term "drug" means a controlled substance, as defined in schedules I through V of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812). The term "illegal use of drugs" means the use of drugs, the possession or distribution of which is unlawful under the Controlled Substances Act, but does not include the use of a drug taken under supervision by a licensed health care professional, or other uses authorized by the Controlled Substances Act or other provisions of Federal law. This exclusion, however, does not exclude an individual with a disability who:

(i) Has successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of drugs, or has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully and is no longer engaging in such use;

(ii) Is participating in a supervised rehabilitation program and is no longer engaging in such use; or

(iii) Is erroneously regarded as engaging in such use, but is not engaging in such use.

(2) Except that it shall not violate this section for the Board to adopt or administer reasonable policies or procedures, including but not limited to drug testing, designed to ensure that an individual described in paragraphs (h)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section is no longer engaging in the illegal use of drugs.

(3) *Alcoholism.* The term "individual with a disability" does not include an employee who is an alcoholic whose current use of alcohol prevents the employee from performing the duties of his or her job, or whose employment by reason of such current alcohol use, would constitute a direct threat to the property or safety of others. In this regard, alcoholics shall meet the same performance and conduct standards to which all other Board employees must satisfy, even if an unsatisfactory performance is related to the alcoholism of the employee.

(4) *Infectious and communicable diseases.* If an individual with a disability has one of the listed diseases as determined by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12113(d)(1)) and works in or applies for a position at the Board in food handling, the Board will seek reasonable accommodation under paragraph (c) of this section to eliminate the risk of transmitting the disease through the handling of food. If the individual with a disability is a nonprobationary employee and a reasonable accommodation cannot be made, the provisions contained in paragraph (g) of this section shall apply.

§ 268.204 Class complaints.

(a) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this section:

(1) *Class* is a group of Board employees, former employees or applicants for employment who, it is alleged, have been or are being adversely affected by a Board personnel management policy or practice that discriminates against the group on the basis of their race,